Amendments to the Claims

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the subject application:

1-42. (Cancelled).

43. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a disorder mediated by a soluble adenylyl cyclase of a

subject, said method comprising:

administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that modulates the soluble adenylyl cyclase, said compound having the following formula:

wherein:

R₁ is H, OH, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₂ and R₅ are H or halogen;

R₃ is H or OH;

R₄ is H, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₆ is H or alkyl; and

 R_7 is H or CH_2R_8 , wherein R_8 is H, alkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, with the proviso that at least one of R_1 , R_2 , and R_4 is a halogen.

44. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 43, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of compounds having the following formulas:

- 45. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 43, wherein the subject is an eukaryotic organism.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 45, wherein the eukaryotic organism is a mammal.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 46, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 47, wherein the disorder is selected from the group consisting of: learning or memory disorders, male fertility/sterility, glaucoma, metabolic acidosis/alkalosis, metabolic disorders, diabetes, breathing

disorders, insulin resistance, hyperinsulinemia, spinal cord injury, Alzheimer's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and peripheral neuropathy.

- 49. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is a learning or memory disorder.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is metabolic acidosis/alkalosis.
- 51. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is diabetes.
- 52. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is a metabolic disorder.
- 53. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is insulin resistance.
- 54. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is hyperinsulinemia.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is spinal cord injury.
- 56. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is Alzheimer's disease.
- 57. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.
- 58. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disorder is peripheral neuropathy.

- 59. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 43, further comprising identifying the subject suffering from a disorder mediated by a soluble adenylyl cyclase before administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that modulates the soluble adenylyl cyclase.
- 60. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a disorder mediated by a soluble adenylyl cyclase of a subject, wherein the disorder is selected from the group consisting of: learning or memory disorders, spinal cord injury, Alzheimer's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and peripheral neuropathy, said method comprising: modulating the soluble adenylyl cyclase of the subject.
- 61. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 60, wherein the subject is an eukaryotic organism.
- 62. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 61, wherein the eukaryotic organism is a mammal.
- 63. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 62, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 64. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition for treating a disorder mediated by a soluble adenylyl cyclase of a subject, comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the following formula:

wherein:

R₁ is H, OH, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₂ and R₅ are H or halogen;

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R₃ is H or OH;

R₄ is H, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₆ is H or alkyl; and

 R_7 is H or CH_2R_8 , wherein R_8 is H, alkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, with the proviso that at least one of R_1 , R_2 , and R_4 is a halogen, and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

65. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 64, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of compounds having the following formulas:

66. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 64, wherein the subject is an eukaryotic organism.

- 67. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 66, wherein the eukaryotic organism is a mammal.
- 68. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 67, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 69. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 68, wherein the human disorder is selected from the group consisting of: learning or memory disorders, male fertility/sterility, glaucoma, metabolic acidosis/alkalosis, diabetes, metabolic disorders, breathing disorders, insulin resistance, hyperinsulinemia, spinal cord injury, Alzheimer's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and peripheral neuropathy.
- 70. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a parasitic infection in a subject, the method comprising: administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that inhibits adenylyl cyclase of the parasite.
- 71. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 70, wherein the parasitic infection is malaria.
- 72. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 70, wherein the compound does not substantially inhibit adenylyl cyclase of the subject.
- 73. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 72, wherein the subject is an eukaryotic organism.
- 74. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 73, wherein the eukaryotic organism is a mammal.
- 75. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein the mammal is human.
- 76. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 70, wherein the compound has the following formula:

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wherein:

R₁ is H, OH, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₂ and R₅ are H or halogen;

R₃ is H or OH;

R₄ is H, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₆ is H or alkyl; and

 R_7 is H or CH_2R_8 , wherein R_8 is H, alkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, with the proviso that at least one of R_1 , R_2 , and R_4 is a halogen.

77. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 76, wherein the compound has the following formula:

78. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 76, wherein the compound has the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

79. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 75, wherein the compound has the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & &$$

- 80. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 76, wherein R₁ is H, R₃ is H, R₄ is H, R₆ is H, and R₇ is H.
- 81. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein R₂ is halogen and R₅ is H.
- 82. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 81, wherein R₂ is chlorine.
- 83. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein R_2 is halogen and R_5 is halogen.
- 84. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 83, wherein R_2 is bromine and R_5 is fluorine.
- 85. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 70, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the parasite is responsive to bicarbonate.
- 86. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 70, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the parasite is responsive to carbon dioxide.
- 87. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 70, further comprising identifying a subject infected or likely to be infected with the parasite before administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that inhibits adenylyl cyclase of the parasite.
- 88. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a fungal infection in a subject, the method comprising: administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that inhibits adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism.

- 89. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 88, wherein the fungal organism is C. albicans.
- 90. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 88, wherein the compound does not substantially inhibit adenylyl cyclase of the subject.
- 91. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 90, wherein the subject is an eukaryotic organism.
- 92. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 91, wherein the eukaryotic organism is a mammal.
- 93. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 92, wherein the mammal is human.
- 94. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 88, wherein the compound has the following formula:

wherein:

R₁ is H, OH, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₂ and R₅ are H or halogen;

R₃ is H or OH;

R₄ is H, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₆ is H or alkyl; and

 R_7 is H or CH_2R_8 , wherein R_8 is H, alkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, with the proviso that at least one of R_1 , R_2 , and R_4 is a halogen.

95. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 94, wherein the compound has the following formula:

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- 96. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 88, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism is responsive to bicarbonate.
- 97. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 88, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism is responsive to carbon dioxide.
- 98. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 70, further comprising identifying a subject infected or likely to be infected with the fungal organism before administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that inhibits adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism.
- 99. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition for treating a parasitic infection in a subject comprising:
 a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that inhibits adenylyl cyclase of the parasite; and
 a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 100. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 99, wherein the parasitic infection is malaria.
- 101. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 99, wherein the compound does not substantially inhibit adenylyl cyclase of the subject.

- 102. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 101, wherein the subject is an eukaryotic organism.
- 103. (Withdrawn) The pharamaceutical composition of claim 102, wherein the eukaryotic organism is a mammal.
- 104. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 103, wherein the mammal is human.
- 105. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 99, wherein compound has the following formula:

wherein:

R₁ is H, OH, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₂ and R₅ are H or halogen;

R₃ is H or OH;

R₄ is H, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₆ is H or alkyl; and

 R_7 is H or CH_2R_8 , wherein R_8 is H, alkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, with the proviso that at least one of R_1 , R_2 , and R_4 is a halogen.

106. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 105, wherein the compound has the following formula:

107. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 105, wherein the compound has the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & &$$

108. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 104, wherein the compound has the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & &$$

- 109. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 105, wherein R_1 is H, R_3 is H, R_4 is H, R_6 is H, and R_7 is H.
- 110. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 109, wherein R₂ is halogen and R₅ is H.
- 111. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 110, wherein R₂ is chlorine.
- 112. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 109, wherein R₂ is halogen and R₅ is halogen.

- 113. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 112, wherein R₂ is bromine and R₅ is fluorine.
- 114. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 99, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is for oral or parenteral administration.
- 115. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 99, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the parasite is responsive to bicarbonate.
- 116. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 99, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the parasite is responsive to carbon dioxide.
- 117. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition for treating a fungal infection in a subject comprising, an effective amount of a compound that inhibits adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 118. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, wherein the fungal organism is C. albicans.
- 119. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, wherein the compound does not substantially inhibit the adenylyl cyclase of the subject.
- 120. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 119, wherein the subject is an eukaryotic organism.
- 121. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 120, wherein the eukaryotic organism is a mammal.
- 122. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 121, wherein the mammal is human.

123. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, wherein the compound has the following formula:

wherein:

R₁ is H, OH, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₂ and R₅ are H or halogen;

R₃ is H or OH;

R₄ is H, alkyloxy, or halogen;

R₆ is H or alkyl; and

 R_7 is H or CH_2R_8 , wherein R_8 is H, alkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, with the proviso that at least one of R_1 , R_2 , and R_4 is a halogen.

124. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 122, wherein the compound has the following formula:

125. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is for oral or parenteral administration.

- 126. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism is responsive to bicarbonate.
- 127. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism is responsive to carbon dioxide.
- 128. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a parasitic infection in a subject mediated by adenylyl cyclase of a parasite in a subject, comprising, inhibiting the adenylyl cyclase of the parasite.
- 129. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 128, wherein the parasitic infection is malaria.
- 130. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 128, wherein inhibiting adenylyl cyclase of the parasite does not substantially inhibit adenylyl cyclase of the subject.
- 131. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 130, wherein the subject is an eukaryotic organism.
- 132. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 131, wherein the eukaryotic organism is a mammal.
- 133. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 132, wherein the mammal is human.
- 134. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 128, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the parasite is responsive to bicarbonate.
- 135. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 128, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the parasite is responsive to carbon dioxide.
- 136. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a fungal infection in a subject mediated by adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism in a subject, comprising: inhibiting adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism.
- 137. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 136, wherein the fungal infection is C. albicans.

- 138. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 136, wherein inhibiting adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism does not substantially inhibit adenylyl cyclase of the subject.
- 139. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 138, wherein the subject is an eukaryotic organism.
- 140. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 139, wherein the eukaryotic organism is a mammal.
- 141. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 140, wherein the mammal is human.
- 142. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 136, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism is responsive to bicarbonate.
- 143. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 136, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism is responsive to carbon dioxide.
- 144. (Withdrawn) A method of identifying a compound that is a selective inhibitor of adenylyl cyclase of a parasite, the method comprising:

 measuring the inhibitory effect of the compound against one or more human adenylyl cyclases, measuring the inhibitory effect of the compound against adenylyl cyclase of a parasite, and identifying the compound having greater inhibitory effect against adenylyl cyclase of a parasite than against human adenylyl cyclase.
- 145. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 144, wherein the parasite is a parasite which infect a human to cause malaria.
- 146. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 144, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the parasite is responsive to bicarbonate.
- 147. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 144, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the parasite is responsive to carbon dioxide.

- 148. (Withdrawn) A method of identifying a compound that is a selective inhibitor of adenylyl cyclase of a fungal organism, the method comprising: measuring the inhibitory effect of the compound against one or more human adenylyl cyclases, measuring the inhibitory effect of the compound against adenylyl cyclase of a fungal organism, and determining whether the compound has a greater inhibitory effect against adenylyl cyclase of a fungal organism than against human adenylyl cyclase.
- 149. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 148, wherein the fungal organism is C. albicans.
- 150. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 148, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism is responsive to bicarbonate.
- 151. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 148, wherein the adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism is responsive to carbon dioxide.
- 152. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting adenylyl cyclase of a parasite, the method comprising: contacting <u>a eukaryotic cell[[s]]</u> with a compound that <u>specifically</u> inhibits adenylyl cyclase of [[the]]<u>a</u> parasite.
- 153. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 152, wherein the eukaryotic cell is infected with the parasite a parasitic infection.
- 154. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 153, wherein the eukaryotic cell is a mammalian cell.
- 155. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 154, wherein the mammalian cell is a human cell.
- 156. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting adenylyl cyclase of a fungal organism, the method comprising:

contacting <u>a</u> eukaryotic cell[[s]] with a compound that <u>specifically</u> inhibits adenylyl cyclase of [[the]]<u>a</u> fungal organism.

- 157. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 156, wherein the cell is infected with the fungal <u>organism</u> infection.
- 158. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 157, wherein the eukaryotic cell is a mammalian cell.
- 159. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 158, wherein the mammalian cell is a human cell.
- 160. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting adenylyl cyclase of a parasite, the method comprising: contacting [[the]]a parasite with a compound that specifically inhibits adenylyl cyclase of the parasite.
- 161. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting adenylyl cyclase of a fungal organism, the method comprising: contacting [[the]]a fungal organism with a compound that specifically inhibits adenylyl cyclase of the fungal organism.